

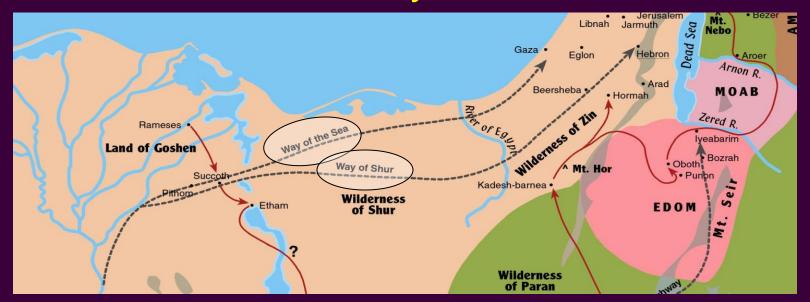
# The Covenant People of God

 Was it by chance, etc. that the Hebrew people were in Egypt during the reign of a bad Pharaoh?

"Then He said to Abram: "Know certainly that your descendants will be strangers in a land that is not theirs, and will serve them, and they will afflict them four hundred years. And also the nation whom they serve I will judge; afterward they shall come out with great possessions." (Gen 15:13-14)

# The Covenant People of God

 The shortest route from Egypt to Canaan is along the shoreline of the Mediterranean Sea called the Way of the Sea or further south on the trade route called the Way of Shur



# The Covenant People of God

- Would have met conflict on either of these two
- God wanted them to learn to depend on Him





- Israelites crossed somewhere at the northern tip of the left arm of the Red Sea (Gulf of Suez) because they crossed into the Wilderness of Sinai
  - Traveled three days through the Wilderness of Shur
  - At Marah they found water but it was bitter
  - They complained
  - Moses through God provided a miracle

Libnah Jarmuth Mt. Nebo Gaza • Hebron • Aroer Eglon Arnon R Beersheba 💅 MOAB • Hormah Zered R Rameses • lyeabarim **Land of Goshen** Bozrah Oboth Way of Shur • Punon Kadesh-barnea • Wilderness of Shur Etham **EDOM** Wilderness of Paran Ezion-geber Marah Sinai Peninsula • Elim Wilderness of Sin
Kibrothhattaavah

• Ta' Hazeroth MIDIAN • Taberah Rephidim • Mt. Sinai (Mt. Horeb) MIDIAN



- Their next stopping place was Elim
  - Was a natural oasis with 12 wells and70 palm trees
- Even though they were traveling near water, they could not drink it because the Red Sea and its two arms are salty like the oceans
  - Even saltier than normal because of high evaporation

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- A month has passed and they are now camped in the Wilderness of Sin
  - They begin to complain again
  - Their food had run out and they tell Moses that they should have stayed in Egypt!
  - Moses tells them later that this was all God's design

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- God began feeding the people with manna in the Wilderness of Sin
  - This continued until they were actually in the land of Canaan and ate their first food from the land
  - God fed them and fought their battles.
     At Rephidim, the Amalekites attacked them. God gave them victory

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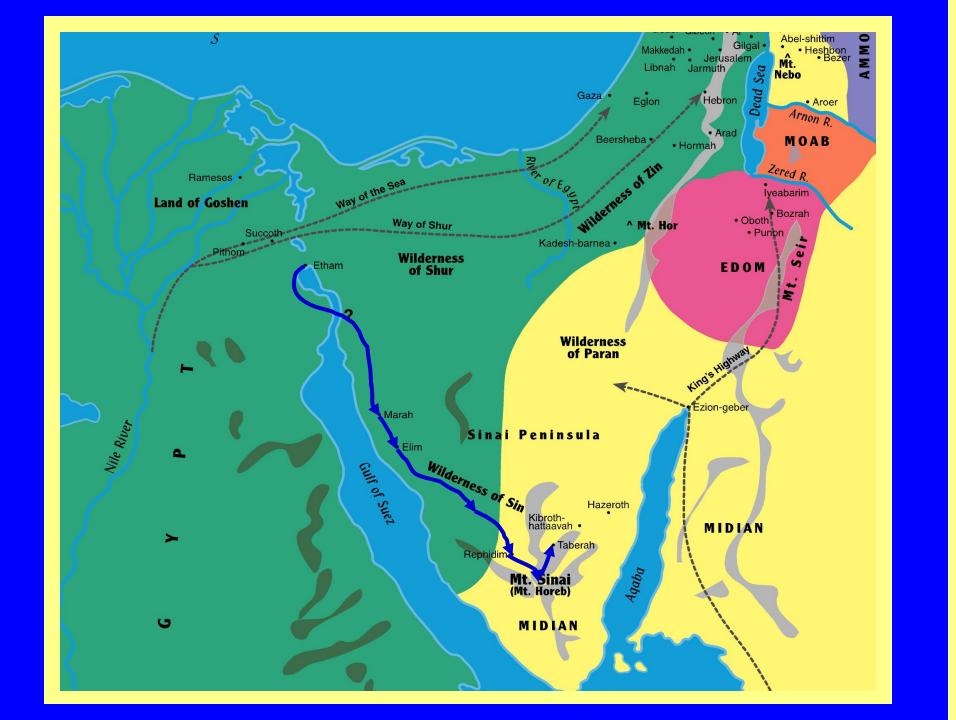
- The Israelites arrived at Mt Sinai "in the third month"
  - God offered the people a covenant. He told them that if they would obey His will that He would keep His covenant and the Israelites would have all the blessings. They responded "we will do everything the Lord has said."

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- Covenant offered in Exodus 19
- Summary of the law God intended in Exodus 20-23
  - Covenant sealed and confirmed with animal sacrifices

- Just over one year after they left Egypt, the Israelites now begin their northward journey toward Canaan (Exodus 10:11-12)
  - The time had come for God to fulfill His promise to give them the land
  - The route led them through some of the roughest terrain they had yet found



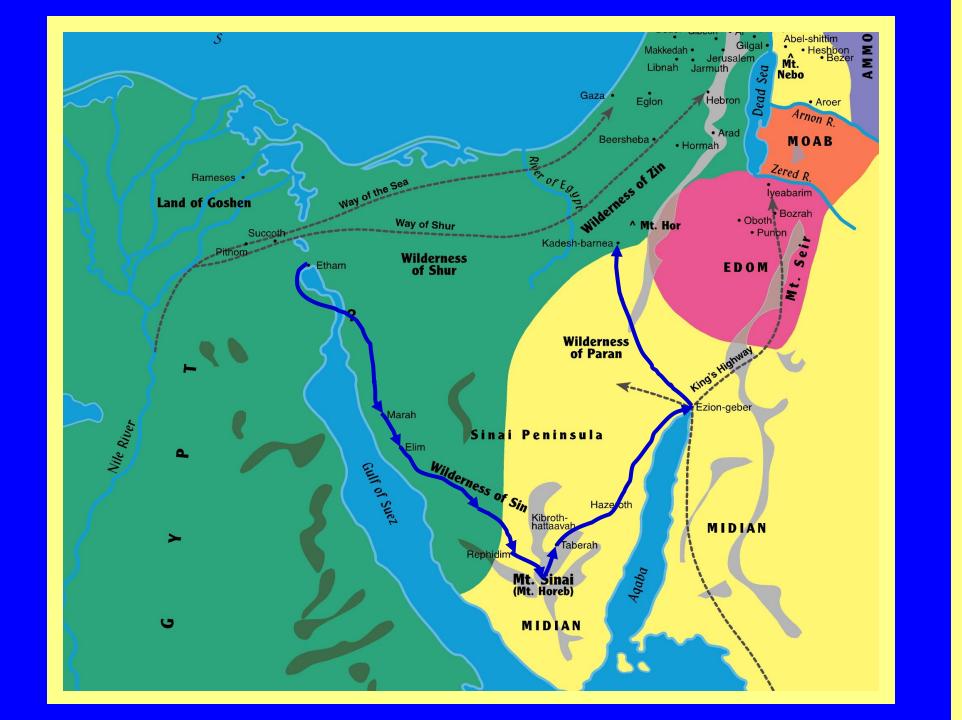


- A few miles further the complaints began again!
  - They were tired of the manna!
  - They wanted fish,
     cucumbers, melons,
     etc. from Egypt
  - God was displeased

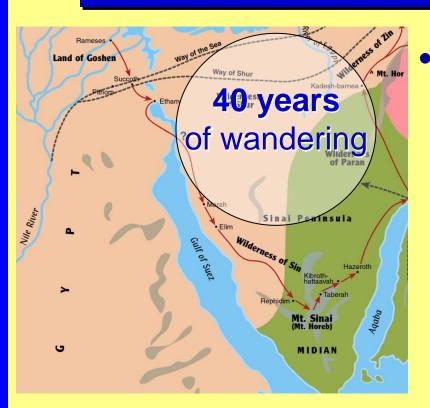


- He sent quail and a plague
  - Many died and they named the placeKibroth-Hattaavah

- Finally the Israelites arrived in the Wilderness of Paran at a spot called Kadesh-barnea
  - -50 miles from the promised land
  - From this point, Moses sent 12 spies into Canaan
    - Came back reporting the richness of the land, but it was inhabited by giants and had great walled cities



- Ten of the spies and all the multitude decided it was too hard a task for them to take the land
- Two spies (Joshua and Caleb) along with Moses and Aaron cried out for faith in God's promises
  - The people were ready to stone them to death



- Their punishment would be that they would have to stay in the wilderness until that whole generation of soldiers died, a year for every day the spies had been gone
  - Num 13:25 forty days
  - Num 14:34 forty years

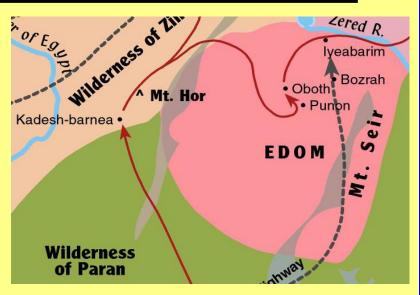
- For 38 years the Israelites stayed in the region of Kadesh-barnea, waiting for a generation to die
  - During this time the people still murmured and complained against God. The people sinned often
  - A plague brought by God upon the people caused 14,700 to die. Only through God's mercy were any left alive

- God told Moses to speak to the rock and water would come forth. But Moses struck the rock
- This happened in the wilderness of Zin
- As a result, Moses could not enter Canaan

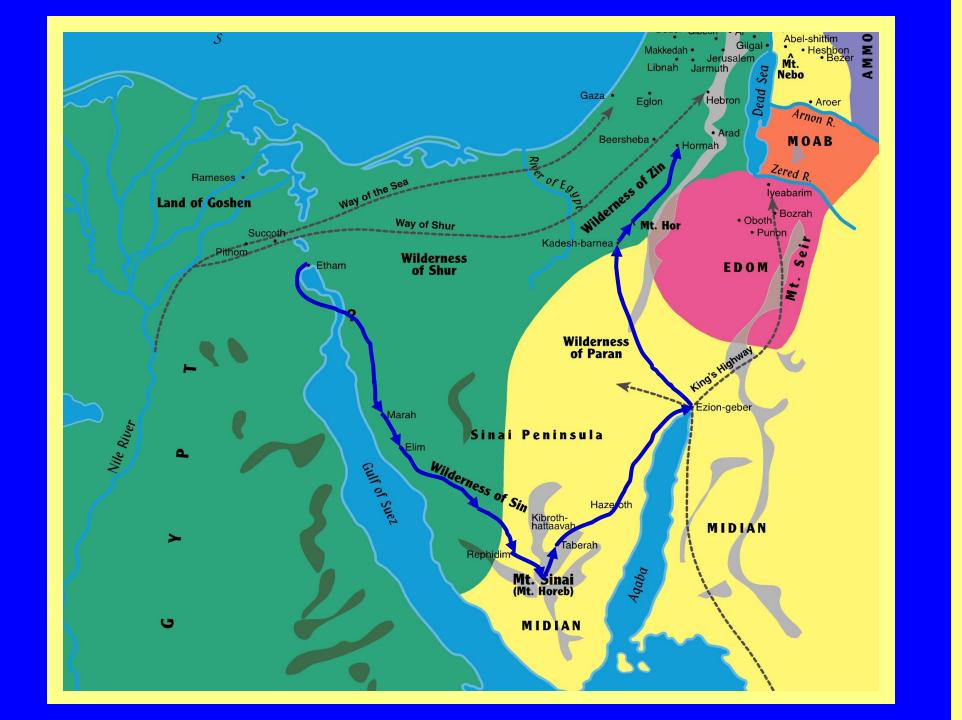




- God chose to take them into the land by a different route
  - Moses sent to the king of **Edom** asking permission to go through his land. He refused and sent his army out against the Israelites



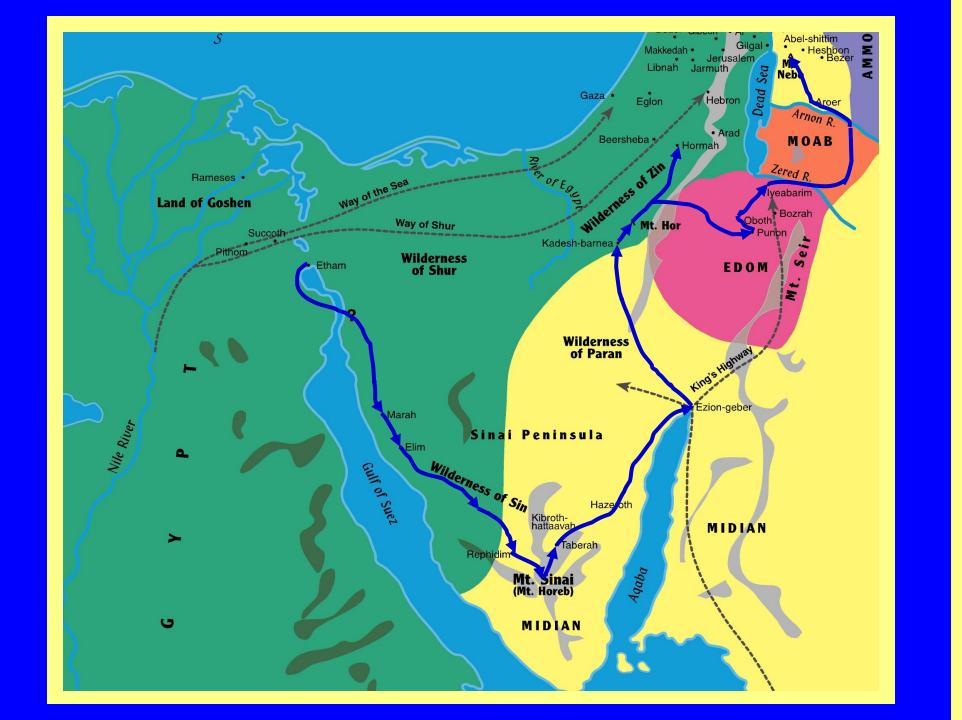
- God told theIsraelites they could not have Edom'sIand
- They were related to them (Esau – Edom)

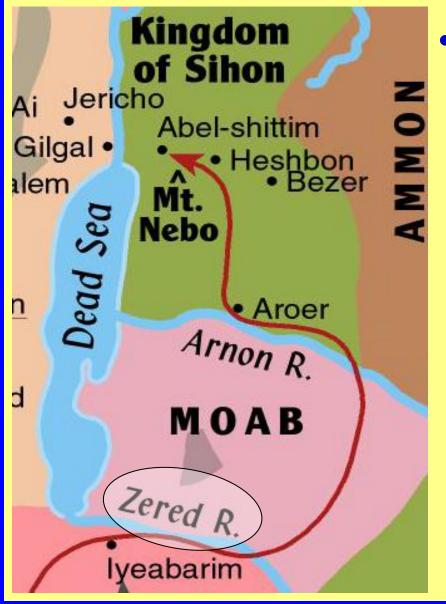


- Were not able to go south, back to Ezion-geber where they could have taken the Kings Highway trade route
  - Had to go northeastward through terrible land to make their way northward – just east of the Dead Sea
  - Exact route cannot be accurately defined

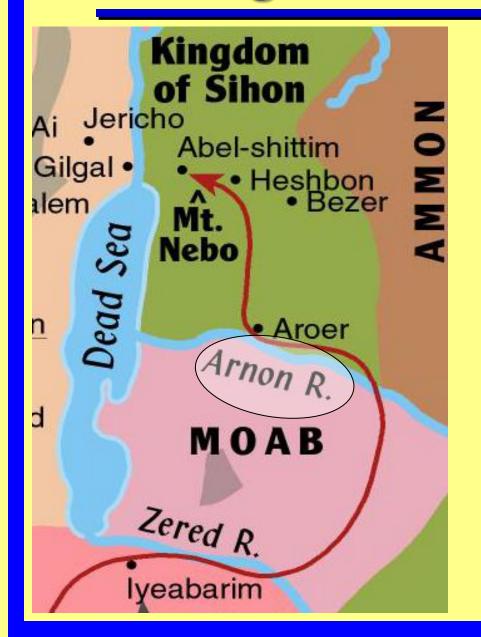
- Route laid out is only an assumption of the way they journeyed based upon the cities that are listed in the Bible as they traveled
- In view of their history, is it surprising that they complained again?
  - This time God sent poisonous serpents into the camp

- The camping places named after Mt. Hor are Zalmonah, Punon, Oboth, and Ije Abarim on the border of Moab
  - None of these places have been identified
  - They are on the inside of Edom's jurisdiction



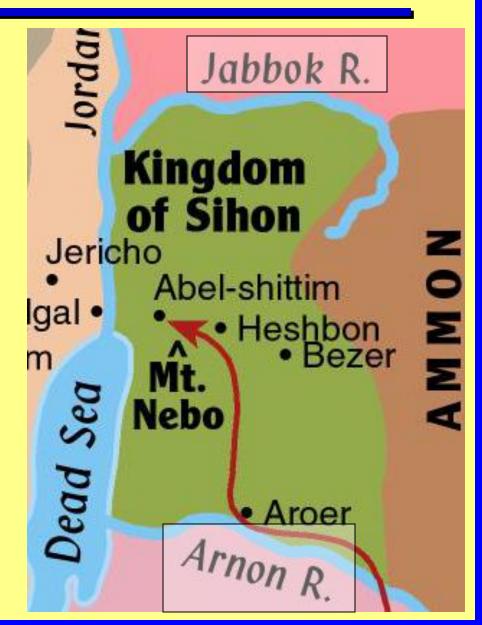


- At the valley of the Zered they turned eastward
  - After crossing the
     Zered River they
     were on the edge of
     the land belonging to
     the Moabites
  - Relatives of the Israelites
    - LOT/MOAB



 God said they could not have their land and they moved north on Moab's outer fringes and crossed the **Arnon River**

- Sihon of the Amorites controlled the territory between the Arnon River and the Jabbok River
  - His army came out against Moses but Moses led the Israelites to victory



After conquering King Og
 of Bashan, the Israelites
 controlled all the land from
 the Arnon River northward
 to Mt. Hermon



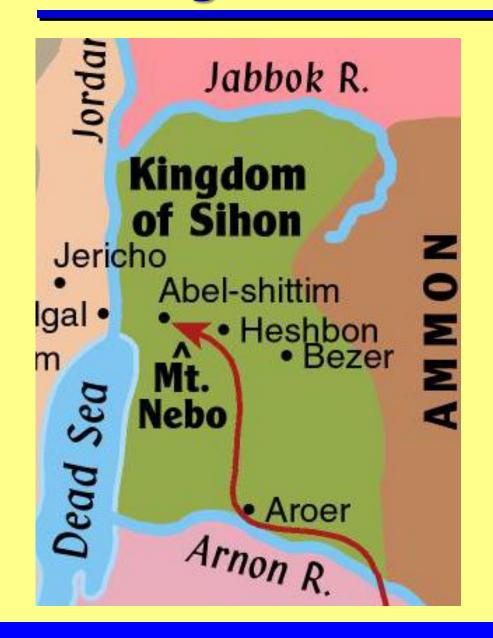
#### Waiting For A Generation to Die



 Another group of people we need to be aware of are the Ammonites

- Sihon had driven
   them out of the fertile
   land into the edge of
   the desert
- Descendants of Lot

#### Waiting For A Generation to Die



– They were a constant thorn in the flesh to the tribes east of the Jordan because they always tried to take the fertile lands

#### Waiting For A Generation to Die

- The entire book of Deuteronomy is made up of speeches Moses made on the plains of Moab
  - Moses' death was not far away
  - He reminded them of their history and urged them to be faithful to God
  - If they would serve God, then God would bless them
  - If unfaithful an enemy would come and take them captive

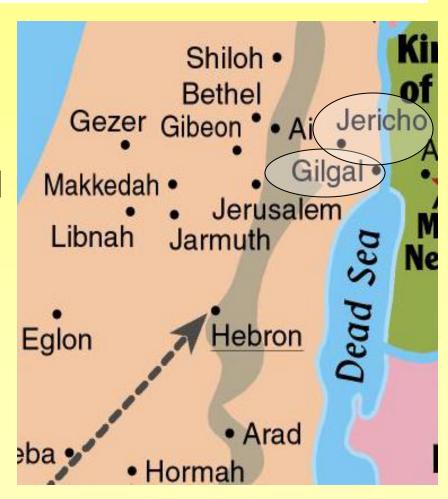
# The Conquest of Canaan

- Joshua sent spies across the Jordan to the city of **Jericho** (2:1)
- Spies learned that the people of Jericho were terrified
- The Israelites were able to move forward – confident of success!



# The Conquest of Canaan

- After crossing the Jordan, the Israelites set up camp at Gilgal
- Jericho was the logical city to attack first
  - Jericho lay directly in the path between Israel's camp at Gilgal and the central portion of the land they were to take

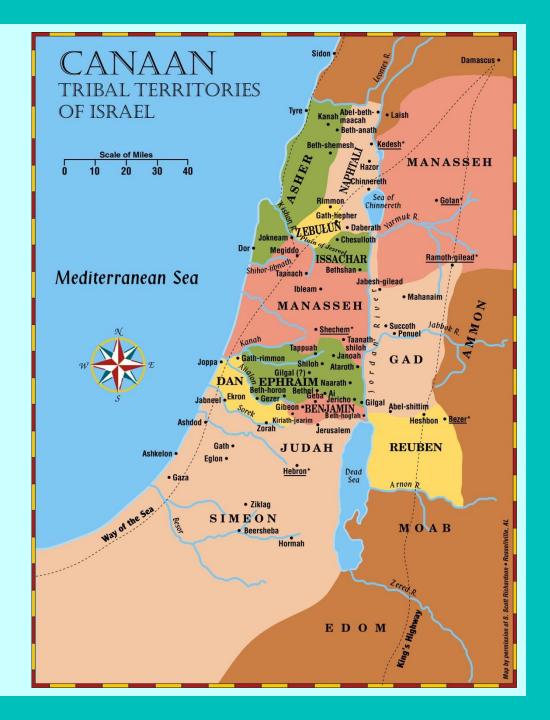


# The Conquest of Canaan

- Jericho was given by God into the hands of the Israelites miraculously
  - They marched around the city 7 days and the walls fell flat
  - The fortress part of the city covered 7 acres
- Jericho was the first city in Canaan proper to fall to the Israelites



Joshua 13-24



The twelve sons of Jacob (Israel):

Genesis 35:23-26

#### Leah

Reuben Simeon Levi Judah Issachar Zebulun

Rachel

Joseph Benjamin

Bilhah (Rachel's Maidservant)

Dan Naphtali

**Zilpah** (Leah's Maidservant)

**Gad Asher** 

- Joshua 12 is a summary of all the cities Israel has conquered
  - Includes the territory on both sides of the Jordan



- Joshua told to divide the land between the tribes
  - He would help each tribe finish the task of clearing its possession



- Joshua 13-19
   describes the border
   lines of the tribal
   territories in detail
  - Can easily
     determine the
     general location of
     each tribe
  - Difficult to determine the exact border lines



- Tribes asked for specific cities in particular sections of the country
- Our faith rests on the fact that God kept His promise



#### Identify the following places

Dead Sea

Manasseh

Med Sea

Simeon

Sea of Chinnereth

Judah

Jordan River

**Benjamin** 

**Zered River** 

**Ephraim** 

**Arnon River** 

Dan

Jabbok River

Issachar

Yarmuk River

Zebulun

Reuben

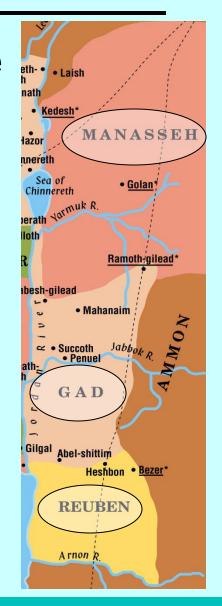
Asher

Gad

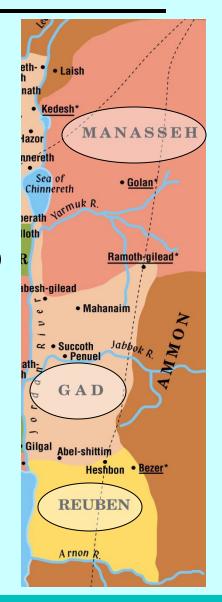
**Naphtali** 



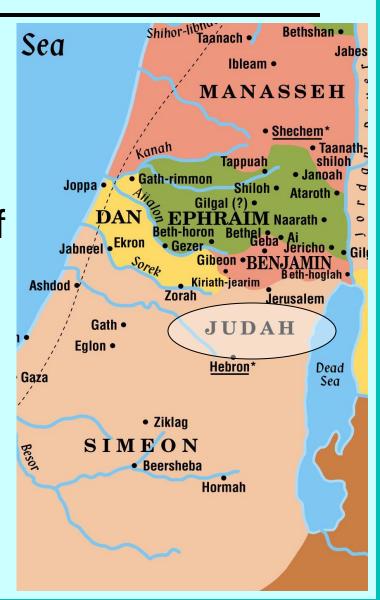
- Reuben, Gad and half of the tribe of Manasseh asked for the territory east of the Jordan before Moses died
  - At first Moses thought they were afraid to take the land of Canaan



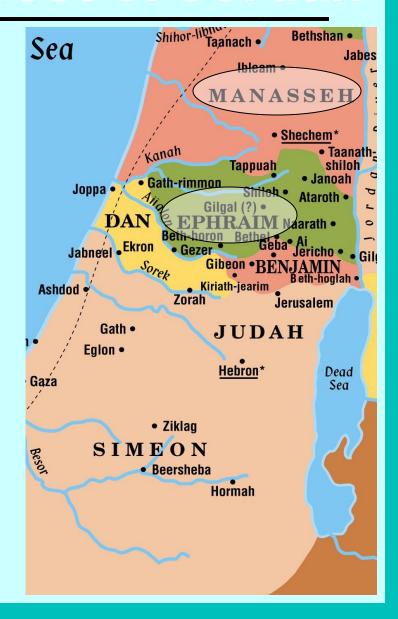
- He was assured that they would help their brethren conquer Canaan before returning to their land
  - Reuben was given portion next to Moab
  - Gad received land taken from King Sihon
  - Manasseh received land taken from King Og



- Judah was the first tribe to ask for territory west of the Jordan
  - Given all the land west of the Dead Sea south to the Negeb
    - City of Hebron was given specifically to Caleb



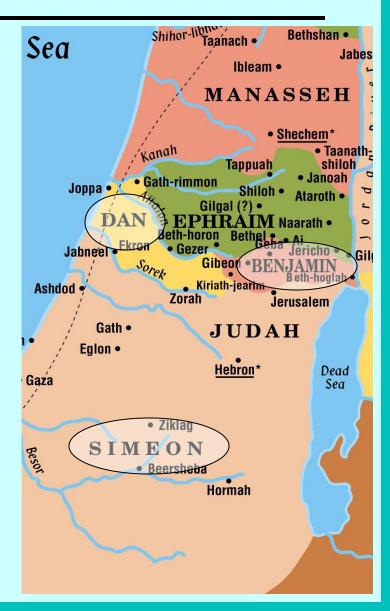
- Ephraim and the remaining half tribe of Manasseh asked for the central portion of land
  - Joshua describes the borders of Ephraim (Joshua 16:5-8)



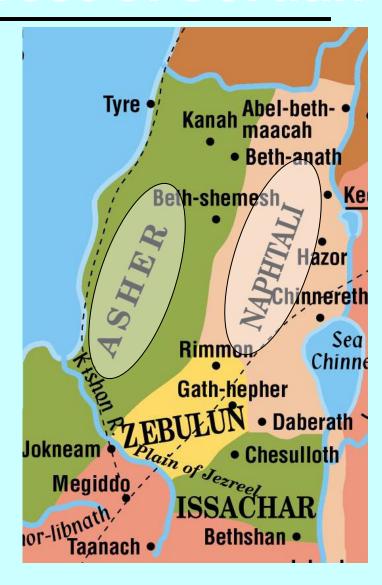


5 The territory of the people of Ephraim by their clans was as follows: the boundary of their inheritance on the east was Ataroth-addar as far as Upper Beth-horon, 6 and the boundary goes from there to the sea. On the north is Michmethath. Then on the east the boundary turns around toward Taanath-shiloh and passes along beyond it on the east to Janoah, 7 then it goes down from Janoah to Ataroth and to Naarah, and touches Jericho, ending at the Jordan. 8 From Tappuah the boundary goes westward to the brook Kanah and ends at the sea. Such is the inheritance of the tribe of the people of Ephraim by their clans,

- The men reported that Judah's portion was too large and it fell Simeon's lot to share the territory
- Dan and Benjamin were given territory between the tribes of Ephraim and Judah



- Asher was given the narrow coastal plain of the north
- Naphtali received the lot lying farthest north along the banks of the upper Jordan

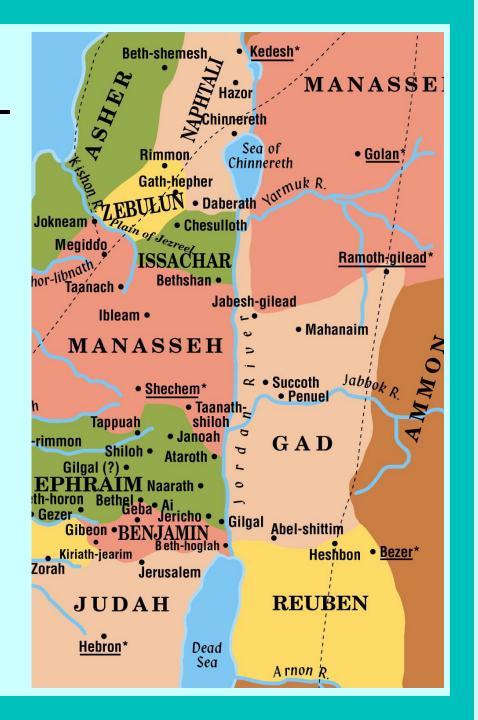


 Zebulun and Issachar each received a healthy portion of the Jezreel Plain and of the hills and valleys of lower Galilee



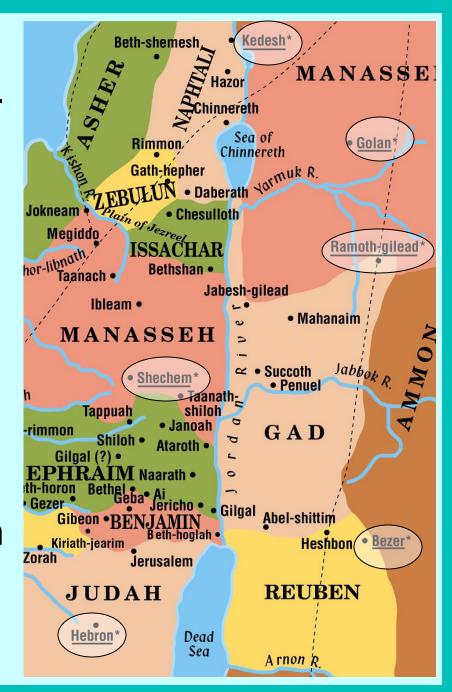
#### **Tribe of Levi**

- Levi was selected by God to be His special ministers in the tabernacle worship
  - They were given 48 cities scattered throughout the land



#### **Tribe of Levi**

- Six of the 48 cities
   were called "cities
   of refuge" where
   one might flee in
   case of an accidental
   killing
  - Those cities were located so as to be a day's journey from any point in the land



## 13 Tribes and only 12 Sons

- How did that happen?
  - Jacob's oldest son,
     Reuben sinned; and
     Jacob chose to give
     the birthright to
     Joseph, the oldest
     son of his favorite
     wife Rachel
     (1 Chronicles 5:1-2)





1 The sons of Reuben the firstborn of Israel (for he was the firstborn, but because he defiled his father's couch, his birthright was given to the sons of Joseph the son of Israel, so that he could not be enrolled as the oldest son; 2 though Judah became strong among his brothers and a chief came from him, yet the birthright belonged to Joseph),



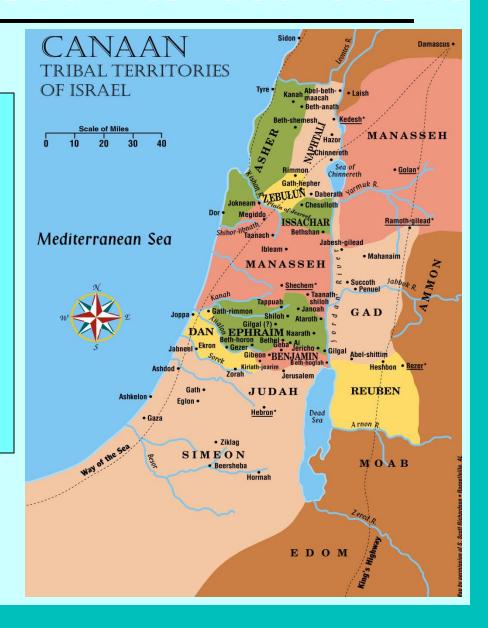
## 13 Tribes and only 12 Sons

- Instead of naming
   Joseph as one of
   the tribes, his two
   sons each inherited
   equally with the
   sons of Jacob,
   Joseph's double
   portion
  - Manasseh and Ephraim



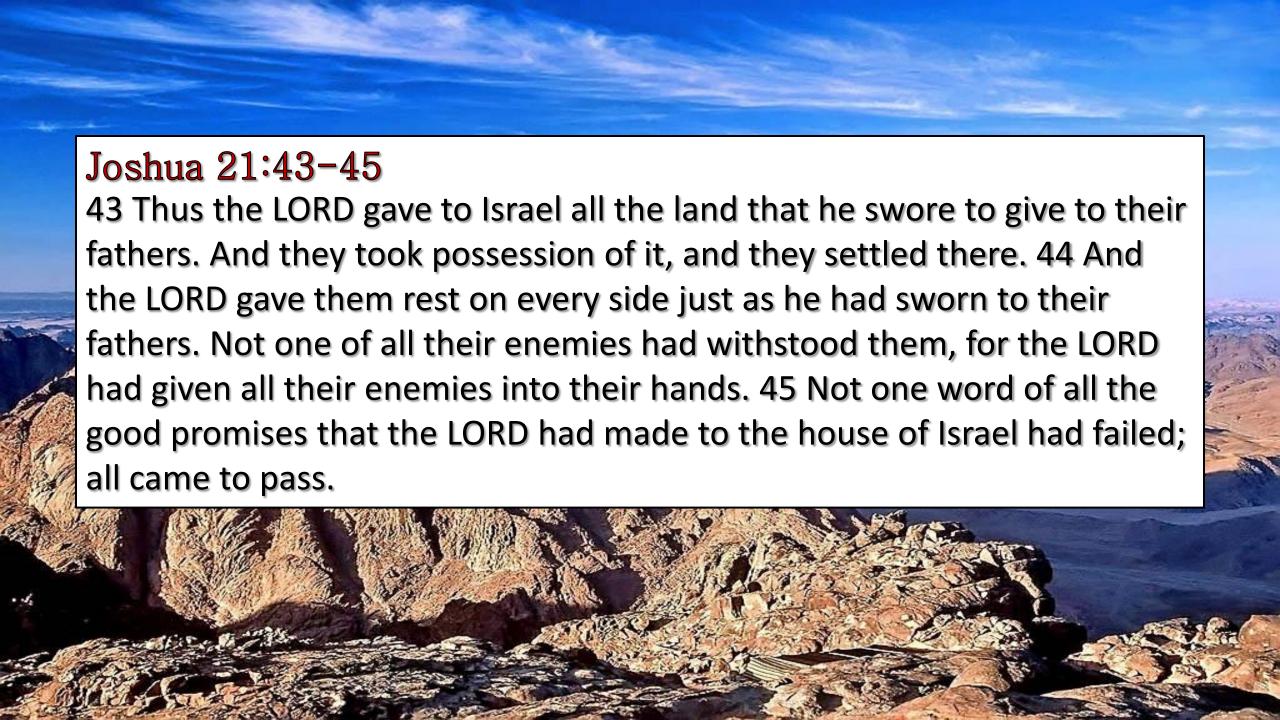
#### This is the land as God intended it to be

Canaanites were still living within each tribe's land, but God has already promised to help His people finish driving them out!



#### Joshua Calls for Faithfulness!

 Joshua called the people together before he died and urged them to be faithful. He told them that God had given them ALL the land that he had promised (Joshua 21:43-45; 23:14)



#### Joshua Calls for Faithfulness!

- Joshua called the people together before he died and urged them to be faithful. He told them that God had given them ALL the land that he had promised (Joshua 21:43-45; 23:14)
- Two of the promises to Abraham are fulfilled by the end of the book of Joshua
  - His descendants are a distinct, separate nation
  - They are living in a land of their own –
     Canaan

#### Joshua Calls for Faithfulness!

 The Jews do not need to inherit the land today to fulfill the promise to Abraham – that promise was made and kept over 1,000 years before Christ was born!